United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois

Name of Assigned Judge or Magistrate Judge			vid H. Coar	Sitting Judge if Other than Assigned Judge	Martin C.	Ashman	
CASE NUMBER		C)1 C 7208	DATE	8/6/2	:002	
CASE TITLE		Darlene Gee vs. City of Chicago Public Schools					
[In the following box (a) indicate the party filing the motion, e.g., plaintiff, defendant, 3rd party plaintiff, and (b) state briefly the nature of the motion being presented.]							
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DO	CKET ENTRY:			1011			
(1)	☐ Filed	Filed motion of [use listing in "Motion" box above.]					
(2)	☐ Brief	Brief in support of motion due					
(3)	☐ Answ	Answer brief to motion due Reply to answer brief due					
(4)	□ Rulin	Ruling/Hearing on set for at					
(5)	☐ Status	Status hearing[held/continued to] [set for/re-set for] on set for at					
(6)	□ Pretri	Pretrial conference[held/continued to] [set for/re-set for] on set for at					
(7)	☐ Trial[Trial[set for/re-set for] on at					
(8)	□ [Bend	[Bench/Jury trial] [Hearing] held/continued to at					
(9)	□ This o	This case is dismissed [with/without] prejudice and without costs[by/agreement/pursuant to] □ FRCP4(m) □ General Rule 21 □ FRCP41(a)(1) □ FRCP41(a)(2).					
[Other docket entry] Report and recommendation recommending that this case be dismissed with prejudice pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(b)(2)(C) is hereby entered of record. All matters relating to the referral of this action having been resolved, the case is returned to the assigned judge.							
(11)	1		order attached to the or	riginal minute order.]			
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

DOCKET AUG 0 7 2

DARLENE GEE,)	
Plaintiff,)	Case No. 01 C 7208
v.)	Judge David H. Coar
CITY OF CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS,)	Magistrate Judge Martin C. Ashman
Defendant.)	Martin C. Ashman

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Presently before this Court is Defendant's Motion for Sanctions in which Defendant seeks dismissal of Plaintiff's case with prejudice pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(b)(2)(C). On July 12, 2002, this Court ordered Plaintiff to "serve amended answers to interrogatories three, six, eleven, and twelve to Defendant on or before July 19, 2002, and to appear for a deposition on a date, no later than July 26, 2002, and at a time selected by Defendant in accordance with Rule 30." *Gee v. City of Chi. Pub. Sch.*, No. 01 C 7208, 2002 WL 1559704, at *3 (N.D. III. July 12, 2002) (copy attached). In accordance with this order, on July 17 Defendant served Plaintiff with a notice of deposition scheduled for July 23, 2002, at 10:00 A.M. The next day Plaintiff called Defendant's counsel to inform him that Plaintiff would not appear for the deposition. Plaintiff also stated that "she did not care what the court did." (Def.'s Mot. Sanctions at 2.) In fact, Plaintiff did not appear for the deposition on July 23, nor did she serve amended answers to interrogatories to Defendant by July 19, as required by the July 12 order.

¹ Plaintiff did not file a response to Defendant's motion. In addition, Plaintiff failed to appear when Defendant presented its motion in court on August 6, 2002.

Based on Plaintiff's willful refusal to appear for the deposition and her failure to serve amended answers to interrogatories in violation of the July 12 order, we recommend that this case be dismissed with prejudice pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(b)(2)(C). Plaintiff has been adequately warned about the consequences of her conduct. We find that no lesser sanction is appropriate under the circumstances. See Serra-Lugo v. Consortium-Las Marias, 271 F.3d 5, 6 (1st Cir. 2001); Newman v. Metro. Pier & Exposition Auth., 962 F.2d 589, 591 (7th Cir. 1992).

Dated: August 6, 2002.

MARTIN C. ASHMAN

United States Magistrate Judge

Written objections to any finding of fact, conclusion of law, or the recommendation for disposition of this matter must be filed with the Honorable David H. Coar within ten (10) days after service of this Report and Recommendation. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b). Failure to object will constitute a waiver of objections on appeal.

Copies have been mailed to:

MS. DARLENE GEE 2019 West 111th Street Apartment 1E Chicago, IL 60643 MR. JAMES J. SEABERRY Assistant General Counsel Board of Education of the City of Chicago - Law Department 125 South Clark Street Suite 700 Chicago, IL 60603

Pro Se Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

DARLENE GEE,)
Plaintiff,) Case No. 01 C 7208
v.) Judge David II. Coa
CITY OF CHICAGO PUBLIC SCHOOLS,) Magistrate Judge) Martin C. Ashman
Defendant.) Martin C. Asiman

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

Defendant moves this Court to compel Plaintiff to answer interrogatories and to appear for a deposition, and to impose sanctions on Plaintiff for improperly answering interrogatories and for refusing to appear for a deposition. For the following reasons, this Court denies Defendant's motions. However, this Court orders Plaintiff to serve amended answers to interrogatories three, six, eleven, and twelve to Defendant on or before July 19, 2002, and to appear for a deposition on a date, no later than July 26, 2002, and at a time selected by Defendant in accordance with Rule 30.

I. Background

Plaintiff, proceeding prose, filed a complaint against Defendant on September 18, 2001, alleging employment discrimination based on race and disability and retaliation. On December 24, 2001, Defendant served Plaintiff with interrogatories, and on March 13, 2001, Defendant received Plaintiff's response. That day, Defendant informed Plaintiff that certain of

her answers were inadequate. Plaintiff asked for additional time to obtain counsel to assist Plaintiff in answering the interrogatories. Defendant agreed.

On March 22, 2002, Defendant sent Plaintiff a letter detailing what Defendant believed was inadequate about Plaintiff's answers to interrogatories; Plaintiff still had not amended her answers. Then, on May 8, 2002, Defendant served Plaintiff with a notice of deposition scheduled for May 15, 2002. On May 9, 2002, Plaintiff told Defendant that Plaintiff would not appear for a deposition on May 15 because she had concerns about why the deposition was being taken and about how it was going to be taken. Defendant offered to provide Plaintiff with time to determine the propriety of the deposition. Plaintiff, however, answered that she would not appear at any time. A May 9, 2002 letter from Plaintiff to Defendant revealed that Plaintiff would not appear for a deposition at any time because "any questions relating to [her claims] c[ould] be submitted in writing." (Def.'s Mot. Sanctions Ex. E.)

On June 24, 2002, the parties appeared in court for a status hearing. In response to questions raised by this Court, Plaintiff explained that she assumed that her answers to interrogatories were sufficient. Again Plaintiff made clear that she refused to appear for a deposition at any time; she had done nothing wrong and she was exhausted. This Court repeatedly warned Plaintiff that by refusing to appear for a deposition her case could be dismissed. Plaintiff, however, stated that "as long as the world [wa]s watching [she] accept[ed] that [sanction]." Before the hearing closed, Defendant indicated for the first time that it sought dismissal of Plaintiff's case considering her lack of cooperation during discovery.

II. Discussion

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(a)(2)(B) provides that if a party fails to answer an interrogatory submitted under Rule 33, the discovering party may move for a court order compelling an answer. The motion must include a certification that the discovering party has in good faith conferred or attempted to confer with the responding party in an effort to secure the answer without court action. Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(2)(B). If the motion is granted by the court, then the responding party must pay to the discovering party the reasonable expenses it incurred in making the motion, including attorney's fees, unless the responding party's conduct was substantially justified or such an award would be unjust. Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(4).

In addition, Rule 37(d) authorizes the court to impose sanctions on a party who fails to appear at a deposition. In such a case, the spectrum of permissible sanctions ranges from the imposition of attorney's fees and expenses to the dismissal of the party's case. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(b)(2), (d). The type of sanction imposed, however, must be proportionate to the objectionable conduct. *Sherrod v. Lingle*, 223 F.3d 605, 612-13 (7th Cir. 2000). Dismissal, the harshest sanction available to the court, is warranted only where the nonmoving party acted willfully, in bad faith, or was otherwise at fault. *Hindmon v. Nat'l-Ben Franklin Life Ins. Corp.*, 677 F.2d 617, 620 (7th Cir. 1982). In certain situations a single act by a party may warrant dismissal of her case regardless of whether less drastic sanctions have been imposed. *Halas v. Consumer Servs., Inc.*, 16 F.3d 161, 164-65 (7th Cir. 1994).

After review, we find that Defendant's motion to compel answers to interrogatorics three, six, eleven, and twelve should be denied because Defendant has failed to certify that it has in good faith conferred or attempted to confer with Plaintiff to secure answers to these

interrogatories without court action. *See Smith v. Campagna*, No. 94 C 7628, 1996 WL 364770, at *1 (N.D. III. June 26, 1996); Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(2)(B). Defendant's March 22, 2002 letter to Plaintiff clearly explains Defendant's position to Plaintiff in detail. However, a single letter is insufficient to demonstrate that Defendant conferred or attempted to confer with Plaintiff as required by Rule 37(a)(2)(B). *See Porter v. Brancato*, No. Civ.A. 96-2208-KHV, 1997 WL 150050, at *1 (D. Kan. Feb. 24, 1997). Defendant should have, at the very least, scheduled a time to meet with Plaintiff to discuss the instant dispute.

Nonetheless, we do agree with Defendant that Plaintiff's answers to interrogatories three, six, eleven, and twelve are nonresponsive and therefore must be amended.¹ Plaintiff must serve Defendant with a copy of Plaintiff's amended answers to these interrogatories on or before July 19, 2002. Failure to do so may subject Plaintiff to sanctions under Rule 37(b)(2).

The remaining matter in dispute concerns Plaintiff's expressed intent to not appear for a deposition at any time. Importantly, it is not clear that Plaintiff has "failed to appear" for a deposition pursuant to Rule 37(d). Courts have strictly construed the phrase "failure to appear" to require a showing that the deponent actually failed to appear at the scheduled deposition.

Estrada v. Rowland, 69 F.3d 405, 406 (9th Cir. 1995) (citing Stevens v. Greyhound Lines, Inc., 710 F.2d 1224, 1228 (7th Cir. 1983)). Although Defendant scheduled Plaintiff's deposition on May 15, it seems that Defendant agreed to postpone Plaintiff's deposition at her request. (Def.'s Mot. Sanctions at 2.) Plaintiff then expressed her intention not to be deposed at any time, and

¹ For instance, Defendant's sixth interrogatory asks Plaintiff to identify and describe any and all injuries and damages that Plaintiff suffered as a result of Defendant's conduct. (Def.'s Mot. Sanctions Ex. A at 8.) Plaintiff responded, "Punitive and other damages as the court sees fit." (Def.'s Mot. Sanctions Ex. B at 3.)

then Defendant filed the instant motion. Thus, we believe that Rule 37(d) provides no basis to

sanction Plaintiff at this time. Nor does it appear that any other provision of Rule 37 provides a

basis to sanction Plaintiff's expressed intent to avoid being deposed.

In any event, we find that Plaintiff must appear for a deposition on a date, no later than

July 26, 2002, and at a time selected by Defendant in accordance with Rule 30. Defendant is

entitled to depose Plaintiff to prepare a defense, as was made clear to Plaintiff at the hearing on

June 24. Let this be a final warning to Plaintiff that if she fails to comply with this instruction to

appear for a deposition as requested by Defendant, Plaintiff may subject herself to sanctions

under Rule 37(b)(2)—one of which could be the dismissal of her case. All litigants, including

pro se litigants like Plaintiff, must obey court orders. Farnsworth v. City of Kansas City, 863

F.2d 33, 34 (8th Cir. 1988).

III. Conclusion

For the reasons stated, this Court denies Defendant's motion to compel and motion for

sanctions. However, this Court orders Plaintiff to serve amended answers to interrogatories

three, six, eleven, and twelve to Defendant on or before July 19, 2002, and to appear for a

deposition on a date, no later than July 26, 2002, and at a time selected by Defendant in

accordance with Rule 30.

ENTER ORDER:

MARTIN C. ASHMAN

United States Magistrate Judge

Dated: July 11, 2002.

- 5 -

Copies have been mailed to:

MS. DARLENE GEE 2019 West 111th Street Apartment 1E Chicago, IL 60643 MR. JAMES J. SEABERRY Assistant General Counsel Board of Education of the City of Chicago - Law Department 125 South Clark Street Suite 700 Chicago, IL 60603

Pro Se Plaintiff

Attorney for Defendant